

VĨNH BÀ

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**NGŨ PHÁP** và **BÀI TẬP**  
**NÂNG CAO**

**NGŨ PHÁP VÀ BÀI TẬP NÂNG CAO**  
**TIẾNG ANH**

**8**

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**8**



NHÀ XUẤT BẢN GIÁO DỤC VIỆT NAM

NHÀ XUẤT BẢN GIÁO DỤC

UNIT 1

MY FRIENDS

**Exercise 1. Điền vào khoảng trống bằng dạng thích hợp của từ IN HOA cho sẵn ở đầu câu.**

1. **ORPHAN** After his parents died, he was sent to an .....
2. **CLASS** Some of my ..... are going to my birthday party.
3. **SOCIAL** Huy makes friends very easily because he is very .....
4. **HUMOROUS** We like our math teacher for his sense of .....
5. **GROCER** Is this bag big enough for these .....
6. **NEIGHBOR** He is the most respected person in my .....
7. **RESERVE** Tam and Quang rarely talk freely about themselves. They're very .....

**Exercise 2. Chọn thì Hiện tại đơn hoặc Hiện tại tiếp diễn. Khoanh tròn chọn lựa của mình. Câu 1 đã làm sẵn.**

1. What sort of work do you do/are you doing?
2. I can't talk now. I cook/I'm cooking the dinner.
3. What shall we have? Do you like/Are you liking fish?
4. Can I borrow this pen? Or do you use it/are you using it?
5. What do the people here do/are the people here doing in the evening?
6. Follow that bus. Then you turn/you are turning left.
7. A lot of people think that the Sun goes/is going around the earth.
8. Excuse me, do you read/are you reading your newspaper? Could I borrow it?
9. Do you wait/Are you waiting for the bus to Hai Phong?
10. In my country it rains/is raining a lot in October and November.

**Exercise 3. Chọn giữa thì Hiện tại đơn hoặc Hiện tại tiếp diễn cho những động từ trong ngoặc. Viết dạng động từ vào khoảng trống.**

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1. I (live) ..... in Ha No., though I (stay) ..... in Da Nang at the moment.
2. The bicycle isn't here today because Nga (use) ..... it. She generally (use) ..... the motorcycle, but it is broken.
3. We usually (stay) ..... at home on Fridays, but we came out tonight because we (celebrate) ..... Nga's birthday.
4. I (come) from Nha Trang, though I (live) ..... in Hue just now.
5. I (stay) ..... with my uncle and aunt at the moment at the moment, though I (have) ..... my own flat.
6. They usually (work) ..... at weekends, though they (not work) ..... at the moment.
7. He (teach) ..... in a language school, though he (work) ..... in a factory at the moment because the school's on holiday.
8. My uncle's grocery store usually (make) ..... money, though it (do) ..... rather badly just now.
9. I usually (work) ..... at night, though I (have) ..... a holiday at the moment.
10. I (study) ..... French at the moment, but I (not speak) ..... it very well yet.

**Exercise 4. Nói hai câu cho sẵn thành một câu, sử dụng ENOUGH + INFINITIVE.**

- Ex. a) My brother is young. He can't ride a bicycle.  
*My brother is not old enough to ride a bicycle.*  
 b) My elder brother is strong. He can lift the piano.  
*My elder brother is strong enough to lift the table.*

1. Lan is young. She can't see the horror film.  
 .....
2. My brother is short. He can't reach the top shelf.  
 .....
3. Chi is unwell. She can't go on the picnic with her classmates.  
 .....
4. The water here is unsafe. We can't drink it.  
 .....

5. The candlelight is dim. We can't read with it.  
 .....
6. We are young. We can't vote in the coming election.  
 .....
7. My uncle's eyesight is bad. He can't join the army.  
 .....
8. My granddad's eyes are good. He can read the small print without glasses.  
 .....
9. These paintings are good. They can enter for the competition.  
 .....
10. The room is large. It can hold 80 people.  
 .....
11. The plane is fast. It can reach the island in two hours.  
 .....
12. The laptop is light. We can bring it along on long journeys.  
 .....

**Exercise 5. Viết câu theo các từ gợi ý, chú ý dùng dạng động từ, mạo từ, giới từ và liên từ thích hợp.**

1. we / be / close friends / though / have / different characters.  
 .....
2. Bao / always get good marks / because / he / be / hard-working.  
 .....
3. Song / spend / most / free time / play soccer.  
 .....
4. Khai / really be / bookworm : he / spend / all afternoons / school library.  
 .....
5. I love / tell / jokes. // my friends / like me / my sense / humor.  
 .....

**Exercise 6. Đọc bài văn rồi trả lời câu hỏi. Lưu ý cách dùng thì Hiện tại đơn để diễn tả các thực tế khách quan.**





2. In a climate like theirs, it can rain at ..... time.  
A. all      B. some      C. any      D. a
3. Jamie was ..... excited to sit still for long.  
A. very      B. so      C. too      D. much
4. Tickets are so expensive that I don't think I'll go and see that opera .....  
A. before all      B. all in all      C. for all      D. after all
5. It can be dangerous to feed the animals .....  
A. by hand      B. in hand      C. to hand      D. on hand
6. Only a few of the children were brave enough ..... come closer.  
A. for      B. in order      C. so      D. to
7. Ugh! ..... a huge spider in the bath.  
A. Its      B. He's      C. There's      D. It's
8. How much do they ..... you?  
A. earn      B. pay      C. wage      D. win
9. We can sometimes hear him ..... his guitar in his garden.  
A. played      B. playing      C. to play      D. plays
10. Wait ..... the film's over before telling me what you think of it.  
A. until      B. before      C. for      D. to
11. The success of that book ..... him to write another one.  
A. was able      B. could      C. enabled      D. was possible
12. I don't know what that car ..... but I would love to have it.  
A. is called      B. calls      C. names      D. is calling
13. .... the rain, they continued to work in the garden.  
A. Spite      B. In spite      C. Despite      D. Whatever
14. After the meeting was over he was able to ..... his tie and begin to relax.  
A. loose      B. loosen      C. tight      D. lose

15. Although this was his first visit to the town, the friendly atmosphere made him feel .....  
A. at once      B. at last      C. in house      D. at home
16. He doesn't ..... to take a holiday this summer.  
A. suppose      B. design      C. determine      D. plan
17. He still looks ..... after his illness.  
A. shaded      B. discoloured      C. fair      D. pale
18. Does anyone ..... the plans we have made?  
A. differ      B. oppose      C. disturb      D. refuse
19. Take my ....., young man, and don't drive so fast.  
A. notice      B. advertisement  
C. lesson      D. advice
20. A power failure completely ..... the cake she was baking.  
A. damaged      B. weakened  
C. spoiled      D. injured
21. Unless my room is warmer tonight, I'm going to ..... to the hotel manager.  
A. argue      B. complain  
C. pretend      D. sympathise
22. He warned them that the rules should be kept, not .....  
A. refused      B. broken      C. objected      D. departed
23. The driver admitted that the accident was partly his own .....  
A. cause      B. damage      C. blame      D. fault
24. The doctor doesn't allow his ..... to smoke in the waiting-room.  
A. customers      B. members  
C. patients      D. supporters
25. He was ..... of his son's success in the competition.  
A. honourable      B. proud      C. eager      D. superior

## UNIT 2 MAKING ARRANGEMENTS

**Exercise 1. Điền vào khoảng trống bằng dạng thích hợp của từ IN HOA cho sẵn ở đầu câu.**

- ARRANGE** We are making ..... for the trip to Dien Bien next week.
- ASSIST** Tom is working as an ..... to Professor Brown.
- COUNT** I can think of ..... reasons for not attending the meeting.
- DEMONSTRATION** They are ..... a new computer system at the Computer Exposition.
- CUSTOMS** Some ..... are not very satisfied with the service of Thang Loi Hotel.
- DELIVER** The company has arranged for the ..... of the furniture to Mrs. Lien's home.
- DEVISE** At the exhibition, Bell presented his ..... to the public.

**Exercise 2. Trong những câu sau, thì Hiện tại tiếp diễn mô tả thời điểm hiện tại hay tương lai? Viết Present (hiện tại) hoặc Future (tương lai) vào khoảng trống sau mỗi câu. Hai câu đầu đã làm sẵn.**

- |  |         |
|--|---------|
| 1. Where is Jack? Is he working?                       | Present |
| 2. Are you going out tonight?                          | Future  |
| 3. That tree's growing very fast.                      | .....   |
| 4. I'm seeing Nga on Wednesday.                        | .....   |
| 5. My younger sister is starting school on Monday.     | .....   |
| 6. I'm waiting for a call at the moment.               | .....   |
| 7. He's making some chairs for the garden.             | .....   |
| 8. We're getting a new television set next week.       | .....   |
| 9. My parents are coming to stay with me this weekend. | .....   |
| 10. "What language is she learning at school?"         | .....   |
| "She's learning French and English."                   | .....   |

**Exercise 3. Viết câu theo các từ gợi ý, sử dụng thì Hiện tại tiếp diễn để chỉ tương lai.**

Ex. you/ go out / tonight?  
Are you going out tonight?

- you / meet / Lan / tonight?  
.....
- I / not come/ to class / tomorrow.  
.....
- My cousin / visit us / Saturday.  
.....
- My mother / make / a special meal / tonight.  
.....
- You / stay at home / this weekend?  
.....
- I / not have / a birthday party this year.  
.....
- I / finish work / 6 o'clock.  
.....
- Quang / catch the train to Hai Phong / 12 o'clock.  
.....
- My friends / not come / tonight.  
.....
- We / take / my cousin / on holiday with us.  
.....

**Exercise 4. Chọn TO BE GOING TO + VERB hoặc SHALL/ WILL + VERB cho những động từ trong ngoặc. Với các động từ COME và GO, ta thường dùng TO BE GOING TO để chỉ tương lai.**

Jack: Have you decided what you are going to do (do)<sup>1</sup> this weekend?  
Dave: Yes, we ..... (have)<sup>2</sup> a quiet day on Saturday and then on Sunday we ..... (take)<sup>3</sup> a bus up into the mountains and do some walking. And we probably ..... (book)<sup>4</sup> into a hotel there for the night. What about you? You ..... (do)<sup>5</sup> lots of work as usual?

Jack: Well, no. Mark phoned last night about coming for a visit this weekend.

Dave: Really?

Jack: Yes, he ..... (come)<sup>6</sup> on Friday.

Dave: Oh, I'd like to see him. I think I ..... (phone)<sup>7</sup> him up tonight and arrange something.

Jack: Well, we're planning to spend the day on the beach on Saturday. We ..... (do)<sup>8</sup> some swimming and sunbathing. I just hope the weather ..... (be)<sup>9</sup> warm enough. And then on Saturday night we ..... (see)<sup>10</sup> that new film with Tom Cruise.

**Exercise 5. Đọc bài văn rồi làm các bài tập kèm theo.**

**ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL**

Alexander Graham Bell was born in 1847 in Edinburgh, Scotland. His father was an expert in phonetics, the study of the sounds of languages. As a boy, Alexander became interested in sounds and speech.

In 1870 the Bells decided to emigrate to America. They lived in Boston, where Alexander taught in a school for the deaf. There he began experimenting with a machine to help the deaf hear. While experimenting with this machine, Bell had an idea. Why not use electricity to send the human voice from one place to another? Bell began work on a new invention.

For years Bell and his assistant, Thomas Watson, worked day and night. They rented rooms in a boarding house. Bell was on one floor, and Watson was on another. They tried to send speech through a wire. Finally, on March 19, 1876, Watson heard these words very clearly: "Mr. Watson, come here. I want you." Watson rushed upstairs, ran into Bell's room, and shouted, "I heard you!"

That year was the centennial, or 100<sup>th</sup> birthday, of the United States. There was a large fair in Philadelphia, called the Centennial Exposition. One of the main attractions at the exposition was Bell's "talking machine." Thousands of visitors, including Don Pedro, the

emperor of Brazil, were surprised when they saw—and heard—this invention. But they still thought it was just an interesting toy. They didn't know that one day this talking machine would become the telephone and would change people's lives.

**NOTES:**

<b>phonetics</b>	: ngữ âm học
<b>electricity</b>	: điện
<b>boarding house</b>	: nhà trọ
<b>to rush</b>	: phóng chạy
<b>upstairs</b>	: (adv) lên lầu, ở tầng trên
<b>centennial</b>	: lễ kỉ niệm tròn 100 năm
<b>exposition</b>	: cuộc triển lãm
<b>emperor</b>	: hoàng đế

**A. VOCABULARY. Thay các từ gạch dưới trong câu bằng các từ trong khung.**

<b>an expert</b>	<b>boardinghouse</b>	<b>the deaf</b>	<b>wire</b>
<b>fair</b>	<b>experiment</b>	<b>attractions</b>	<b>rushed</b>

- Alexander Graham Bell taught in a school for people who cannot hear.
- Watson and Bell tried to send speech through a thin piece of metal.
- In Philadelphia there was a large show where people see new things called the Centennial Exposition.
- Bell's father was a person who knew a lot about and had training in phonetics.
- Bell and Watson stayed in a house where there were many rooms to rent.
- Bell began to try new ideas with a machine to help people who could not hear.
- One of the interesting to see at the Centennial Exposition was Bell's "talking machine."
- When he heard the words, Watson went quickly upstairs, ran into Bell's room and shouted. "I heard you!"

**B. COMPREHENSION. Chọn câu trả lời đúng trong số A, B, hoặc C.**

1. As a boy, Alexander was interested in sounds and speech because
  - A. he studied phonetics.
  - B. his father was an expert in phonetics.
  - C. he was born in Scotland.
2. Bell and his assistant Watson
  - A. liked to live a boarding house.
  - B. could not hear very clearly.
  - C. tried to send speech through a wire.
3. .... was one of the main attractions at the Centennial Exposition.
  - A. Bell's "talking machine."
  - B. Don Pedro, the emperor of Brazil.
  - C. The large fair.

**C. TRUE or FALSE? Viết T (TRUE) nếu thông tin đúng ý trong bài văn, hoặc F (FALSE) nếu thông tin không đúng, vào khoảng trống đầu mỗi câu.**

- ..... 1. Alexander taught in a school for the deaf in Boston.
- ..... 2. Bell and Watson worked together for years.
- ..... 3. Bell and Watson were on the same floor in the boarding house in Boston.
- ..... 4. Bell rushed upstairs and shouted, "I heard you!"
- ..... 5. Don Pedro, the emperor of Brazil, was surprised when he saw the thousands of visitors.
- ..... 6. Alexander Graham Bell came to America in 1870.

**D. Chọn giới từ thích hợp để điền vào mỗi câu.**

**through    on    from    in    to**

1. Alexander's father was an expert ..... phonetics.
2. The Bells emigrated ..... America.

3. Alexander taught ..... a school for the deaf.
4. Bell was ..... one floor and Watson was ..... another.
5. Bell and Watson tried to send speech ..... a wire.
6. Bell used electricity to send the human voice ..... one place ..... another.

**MULTIPLE CHOICE TEST 2**

1. I didn't see the end of the film because I ..... asleep.
  - A. felt
  - B. felled
  - C. went
  - D. fell
2. The show begins ..... a wonderful display of singing and dancing.
  - A. with
  - B. by
  - C. in
  - D. on
3. All my friends agreed to come, ..... from James.
  - A. only
  - B. accept
  - C. except
  - D. apart
4. If you feel ....., help yourself to a drink.
  - A. thrifty
  - B. thirst
  - C. thirsty
  - D. thirty.
5. The table was so heavy I could ..... lift it.
  - A. hardly
  - B. even
  - C. almost
  - D. nearly
6. The ..... money David has will not be enough to pay for the dictionary.
  - A. small
  - B. few
  - C. only
  - D. little
7. I am hoping ..... the problem.
  - A. to solve
  - B. for solving
  - C. solve
  - D. solving
8. Baby birds depend ..... their parents for food.
  - A. for
  - B. by
  - C. of
  - D. on
9. Swimming in polluted water can ..... health problems.
  - A. cause
  - B. arise
  - C. result
  - D. make

10. It's difficult to tell from his face what is going on in his .....

- A. thought      B. spirit      C. intellect      D. mind

11. If you ..... a mistake, put it right neatly.

- A. have      B. do      C. make      D. get

12. When you correct a word, ..... it out and write above it.

- A. rule      B. line      C. mark      D. cross

13. Put the umbrella in the car in ..... it rains.

- A. spite      B. case      C. fact      D. effect

14. As you walk down the street, you'll see the church .....

- A. left      B. from the left  
C. on the left      D. by the left

15. Despite a large increase in the price of cigarettes, Brian has been unable to stop .....

- A. to smoke      B. the smoke      C. smoke      D. smoking

16. I won't pay you today ..... you finish the work.

- A. without      B. unless      C. except      D. don't

17. He arrived for work ..... that the manager sent him home again.

- A. too late      B. very late  
C. so late      D. much later

18. It was ..... serious accident he was kept in hospital for a month.

- A. such      B. such a      C. so      D. so a

19. She wants to go shopping, but she has hardly .....

- A. any money      B. some money  
C. money      D. no money

20. No one helped him; he did it .....

- A. himself all      B. by himself all  
C. by all himself      D. all by himself

21. She said she liked dancing but was not in the ..... for it just then.

- A. mood      B. frame      C. opinion      D. manner

22. I have searched ..... for the book but cannot find it.

- A. thoroughly      B. hardly      C. highly      D. deeply

23. In the hall, the front ..... of seats was reserved for invited guests.

- A. row      B. string      C. belt      D. chain

24. She kept her money in a brown leather .....

- A. parcel      B. packet      C. purse      D. pocket

25. The porter told me that my train would leave from ..... four at 10.30.

- A. stand      B. pavement      C. stage      D. platform