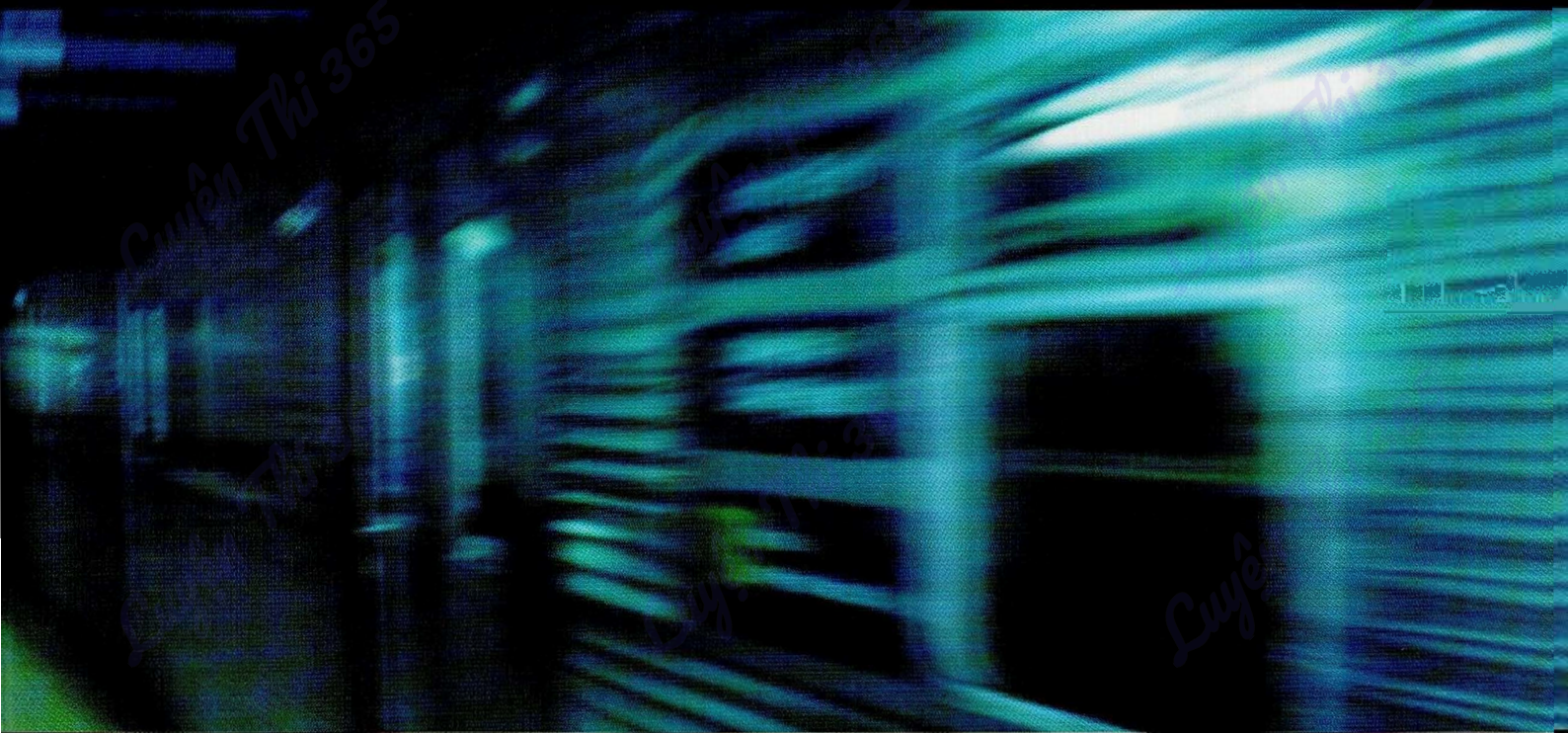


# Destination **B1**

## Grammar & Vocabulary with Answer Key



Malcolm Mann  
Steve Taylore-Knowles

# Contents

Units		Pages	
Unit 1	Grammar	Present simple, present continuous, stative verbs	6
Unit 2	Grammar	Past simple, past continuous, <i>used to</i>	9
Unit 3	Vocabulary	Fun and games	12
<b>Review 1</b>	<b>Units 1, 2 and 3</b>		16
Unit 4	Grammar	Present perfect simple, present perfect continuous	18
Unit 5	Grammar	Past perfect simple, past perfect continuous	21
Unit 6	Vocabulary	Learning and doing	24
<b>Review 2</b>	<b>Units 4, 5 and 6</b>		28
Unit 7	Grammar	Future time (present continuous, <i>will</i> , <i>be going to</i> , present simple)	30
Unit 8	Grammar	Prepositions of time and place	33
Unit 9	Vocabulary	Coming and going	36
<b>Review 3</b>	<b>Units 7, 8 and 9</b>		40
Unit 10	Grammar	The passive 1	42
Unit 11	Grammar	The passive 2	45
Unit 12	Vocabulary	Friends and relations	48
<b>Review 4</b>	<b>Units 10, 11 and 12</b>		52
Unit 13	Grammar	Countable and uncountable nouns	54
Unit 14	Grammar	Articles	57
Unit 15	Vocabulary	Buying and selling	60
<b>Review 5</b>	<b>Units 13, 14 and 15</b>		64
Unit 16	Grammar	Pronouns and possessive determiners	66
Unit 17	Grammar	Relative clauses	69
Unit 18	Vocabulary	Inventions and discoveries	72
<b>Review 6</b>	<b>Units 16, 17 and 18</b>		76
Unit 19	Grammar	Modals 1: ability, permission, advice	78
Unit 20	Grammar	Modals 2: obligation, probability, possibility	81
Unit 21	Vocabulary	Sending and receiving	84
<b>Review 7</b>	<b>Units 19, 20 and 21</b>		88
<b>Progress Test 1</b>	<b>Units 1 – 21</b>		90
Unit 22	Grammar	Modals 3: the modal perfect	94
Unit 23	Grammar	Questions, question tags, indirect questions	97
Unit 24	Vocabulary	People and daily life	100

Units	Pages
<b>Review 8</b> Units 22, 23 and 24	104
Unit 25 Grammar So and such, too and enough	106
Unit 26 Grammar Comparatives and superlatives	109
Unit 27 Vocabulary Working and earning	112
<b>Review 9</b> Units 25, 26 and 27	116
Unit 28 Grammar Conditionals 1: (zero, first, second)	118
Unit 29 Grammar Conditionals 2: (third)	121
Unit 30 Vocabulary Body and lifestyle	124
<b>Review 10</b> Units 28, 29 and 30	128
Unit 31 Grammar Reported speech	130
Unit 32 Grammar Reported questions, orders, requests	133
Unit 33 Vocabulary Creating and building	136
<b>Review 11</b> Units 31, 32 and 33	140
Unit 34 Grammar Direct and indirect objects	142
Unit 35 Grammar wish	145
Unit 36 Vocabulary Nature and the universe	148
<b>Review 12</b> Units 34, 35 and 36	152
Unit 37 Grammar -ing and infinitive	154
Unit 38 Grammar Both, either, neither, so, nor	157
Unit 39 Vocabulary Laughing and crying	160
<b>Review 13</b> Units 37, 38 and 39	164
Unit 40 Grammar Connectives	166
Unit 41 Grammar The causative	169
Unit 42 Vocabulary Problems and solutions	172
<b>Review 14</b> Units 40, 41 and 42	176
<b>Progress Test 2</b> Units 22 – 42	178
<b>Reference section</b> Irregular present forms	182
Irregular verbs	182
Topic vocabulary	184
Phrasal verbs	202
Prepositional phrases	206
Word patterns	208
Word formation	212

Unit

1

# Grammar

## Present simple, present continuous, stative verbs

### Present simple

<b>Form</b>	<b>statement</b>	<b>negative</b>	<b>question</b>	
	I/you/we/they <b>play</b> ... He/she/it <b>plays</b> ...	I/you/we/they <b>do not (don't) play</b> ... He/she/it <b>does not (doesn't) play</b> ...	<b>Do</b> I/you/we/they <b>play</b> ...? <b>Does</b> he/she/it <b>play</b> ...?	
<b>Use</b>	<b>Example</b>	<b>Helpful hints</b> The present simple is often used with the following words and phrases: adverbs • always • usually • often • sometimes • rarely • never phrases • every Monday/week/etc • each Monday/week/etc • once/twice a week/month/etc • three times a week/month/etc  Remember that these adverbs usually go before the verb, but <b>after</b> the verb be. • I <b>often</b> play football with my friends. • I <b>am often</b> late for my piano lessons.		
	Present habits			Marsha <b>goes</b> to dance lessons every Saturday.
	Permanent situations			<b>Does Dan work</b> at the cinema?
	States			I <b>like</b> the new James Bond film.
	General truths			You <b>play</b> chess with 32 pieces.
<b>Watch out!</b> The verbs be and have have irregular present forms. See page 182.				

### Present continuous

<b>Form</b>	<b>statement</b>	<b>negative</b>	<b>question</b>	
	I <b>am ('m) playing</b> ... He/she/it <b>is ('s) playing</b> ... You/we/they <b>are ('re) playing</b> ...	I <b>am not ('m not) playing</b> ... He/she/it <b>is not (isn't / 's not) playing</b> ... You/we/they <b>are not (aren't / 're not) playing</b> ...	<b>Am I playing</b> ...? <b>Is he/she/it playing</b> ...? <b>Are you/we/they playing</b> ...?	
<b>Use</b>	<b>Example</b>	<b>Helpful hints</b> The present continuous is often used with the following words and phrases: • now • right now • at the moment • today • this week/month/etc		
	Actions happening now			Jan <b>is watching</b> a DVD upstairs.
	Temporary situations			She <b>is working</b> at the museum until the end of the month.
	Annoying habits (usually with always)	My brother <b>is always borrowing</b> my CDs without asking!		

### Stative verbs

<b>Form</b>	Stative verbs do not usually describe actions. They describe states (feelings, thoughts, etc). They are not normally used in continuous tenses.	<b>Some common stative verbs:</b>		
	✓ I <b>like</b> reading books in my free time. ✗ I <b>am liking</b> reading books in my free time.	appear	include	see
		be	know	seem
		believe	like	taste
		belong to	love	think
		hate	need	understand
		have	prefer	want
<b>Watch out!</b> Some of these verbs (such as be, have and think) are used in continuous tenses when they describe actions. ✓ What <b>do</b> you <b>think</b> about his new song? ✓ I'm <b>thinking</b> about last night's match.				

**A** Look at the pictures of Helen and use the prompts to write sentences. Use the correct form of the present simple.



1 every day / get up / at half past seven



4 once a week / watch a film at the cinema



2 often / eat fast food for lunch



5 rarely / go to the gym



3 in the evening / usually / meet her friends for coffee



6 have a driving lesson / twice a week

- 1 Every day, Helen gets up at half past seven.
- 2 .....
- 3 .....
- 4 .....
- 5 .....
- 6 .....

**B** Complete using the correct present continuous form of the verbs in brackets. You may have to use some negative forms.

- 1 Gordon? I think he ..... (write) a letter at the moment.
- 2 Yes, the match is on TV now, but we ..... (lose).
- 3 Right now, Margaret ..... (have) a shower. Do you want to ring later?
- 4 Sally ..... (stay) with her aunt for a few days.
- 5 I ..... (lie)! It's true! I did see Madonna at the supermarket.
- 6 Josh ..... (always / use) my bike! It's so annoying.
- 7 We ..... (have) lunch, but I can come round and help you later.
- 8 ..... (you / play) music up there? It's really noisy!

**C** Rewrite correctly. Change the words or phrases in bold.

- 1 **Are top musicians studying** for many years? .....
- 2 What's going on? I hope you **don't touch** my things! .....
- 3 It's a small business, so each person **is doing** lots of different jobs. ....
- 4 **Does Christine listen** to the radio, or is that the TV I can hear? .....
- 5 I **am usually buying** a special ticket each week for the bus because it's cheaper. ....
- 6 Our washing machine **is starting** when you press this button. ....
- 7 How's the match going? **Does our team win?** .....
- 8 Many people **are enjoying** spending time on the beach on holiday. ....